

Reinforcement method for PVC motor casings

Reaching the next level.

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REINFORCING PVC TUBES FOR SOLID ROCKET MOTORS

IMPORTANT

The author of this document cannot assume any responsibility for the use readers make of the information presented.

Background

The design pressure is often limited by the maximum hoop stress that a tube can resist, then, the idea of reinforcing the tube consist on taking into advantage that the maximum longitudinal stress resisted is twice the hoop.

Pt Hoop design pressure

Pl Longitudinal design pressure

t Wall thickness

fty Yield strength of the material

Do Outside diameterS Design safety factor

$$(1): Pt = \frac{(2.t.fty)}{Do.S} \qquad (2): Pl = \frac{(4.t.fty)}{Do.S} \qquad \therefore \qquad (3): Pl = 2.Pt$$

You can also determine the design pressure using Casing.xls from http://www.nakka-rocketry.net/

Reinforcing the tube

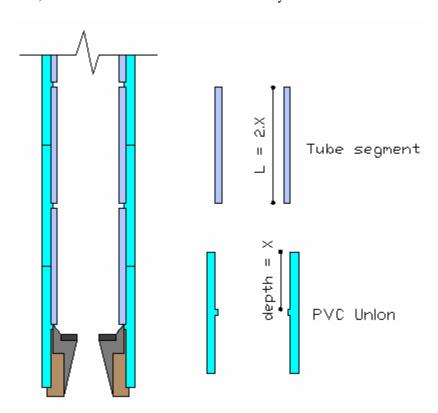
The objective is to increase the wall thickness (*t*) in the equation (*I*), by joining small segments of tubes of a longitude of twice the depth of a *PVC Union*, in order to almost double the design pressure of the casing; nevertheless, the design pressure will be the least from hoop design pressure and longitudinal design pressure.

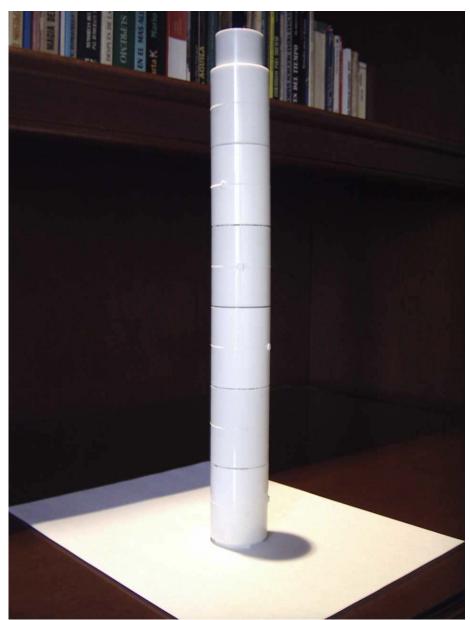
Recommendations

- The Tube segment must be absolutely hidden by the *PVC Unions*. This will ensure that the wall thickness (*t*) is absolutely reinforced.
- The Tube segment must reach the depth top of the *PVC Union*. This will ensure an appropriate soldering between the Union and the Tube.
- It is recommended to analyze the allowable pressure considering the outer diameter, *Do*, to be the outer diameter of the *PVC Union*, and not going on *thick-wall cylinder* calculations. This will ensure a conservative result.
- In case that the motor has an end cap, it is recommended to isolate its inner surface from fire using water putty or Portland cement.

Considerations

- The thickness used for calculations can be $t = t_{tube} + t_{union}$ ever since the strain of the reinforced casing would likely be pretty uniform and as a result, the full thickness would be effective.
- The wall thickness for the longitudinal design pressure calculation must be the least from t_{tube} and t_{union} , no matter if it is reinforced, because *PVC Unions* are not soldered by their ends.

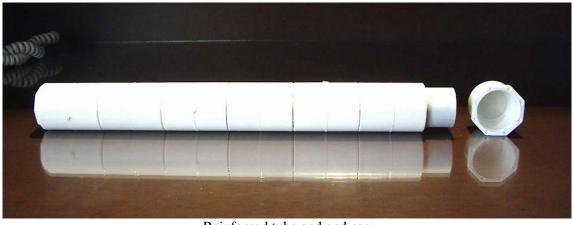




Reinforced tube



Isolated end cap



Reinforced tube and end cap